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The performance of a regional coupled ocean/sea ice model

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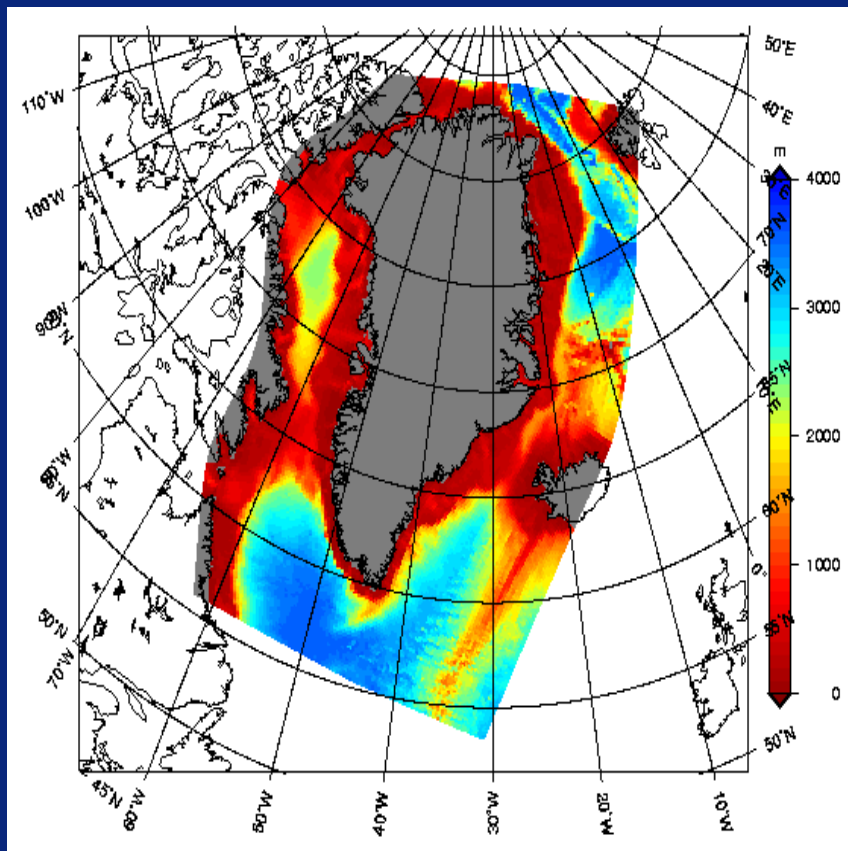


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Earlier study

- Ocean model: HYCOM
- Sea ice :
 - Prescribed from a global model.

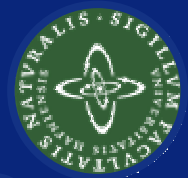




Model setup

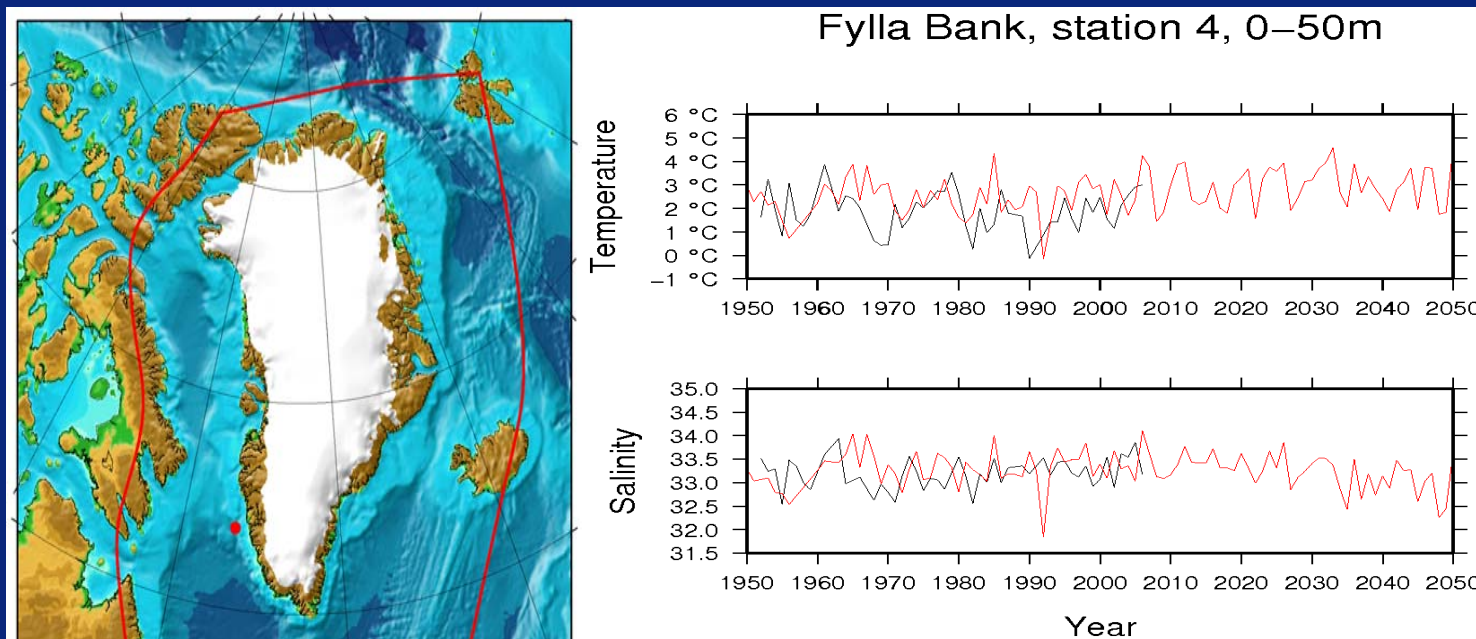
- Atmospheric forcing: HIRHAM
 - The atmospheric forcing that has been used is from a climate research program carried out at the Danish Meteorological Institute.

See <http://klimagroenland.dmi.dk/>





Results – Temperature and salinity



- Black curves observation
- Red model



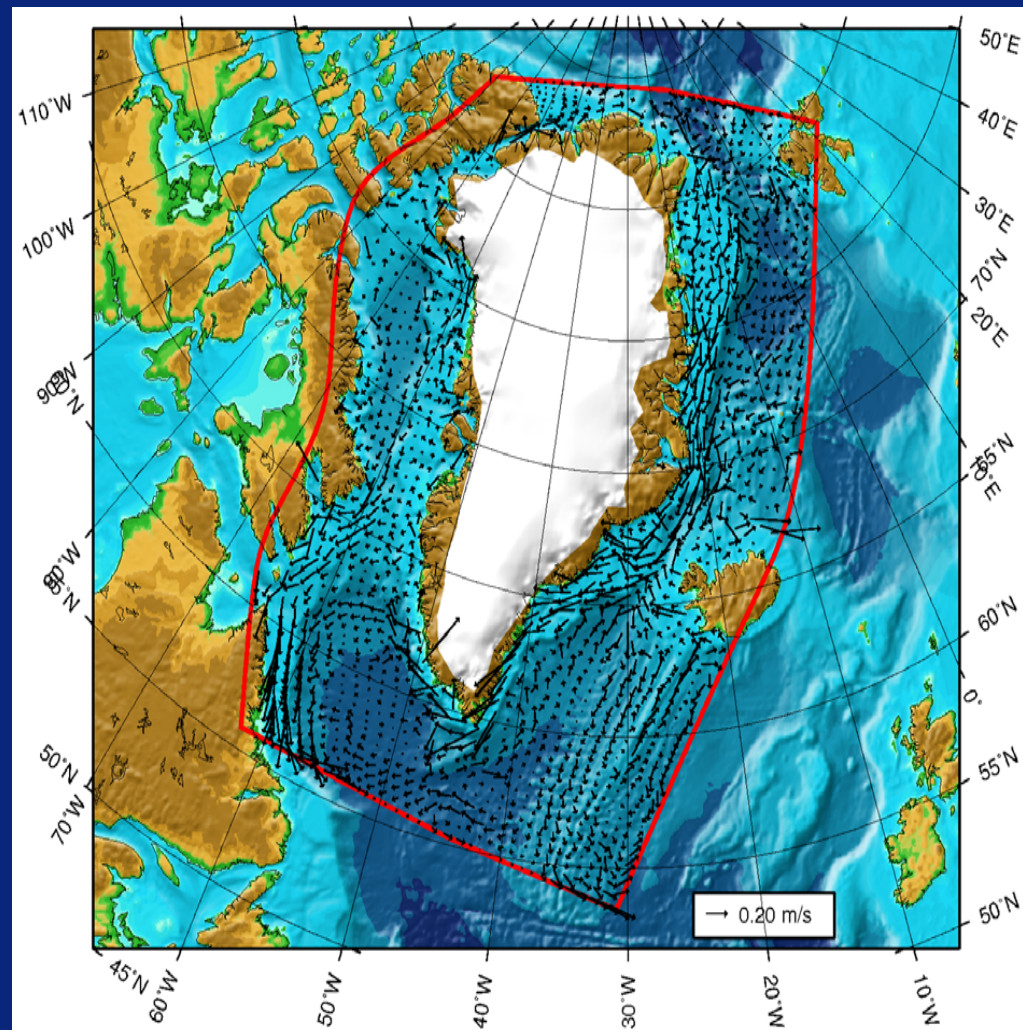


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Surface currents

- 30 years mean current
- Present climate





Motivation for including a dynamic ice model

- Satellite images and other measurements shows large drift
- Model runs with stationary ice has proven to be inadequate






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Satellite images – Motivation for ice drift

- Drift towards south
- Area with low concentration in the northern part of the Nares strait

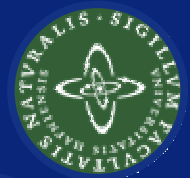


Technical University of Denmark

ENVISAT ASAR WSM

Nares Strait
January 20 to March 24, 2007

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Data availability

- In general sparse
- Moorings
- Satellite images
- Buoy drifters
- Ice charts + experience from ice charting group



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Present study - Model setup

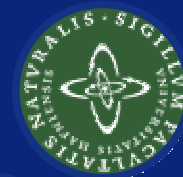
- Ocean model: HYCOM
- Sea ice model:
 - Coupled: CICE (4 ice layers and 1 snow layer)
- Atmospheric forcing. The same as in the previous study





Coupled model setup Boundary condition

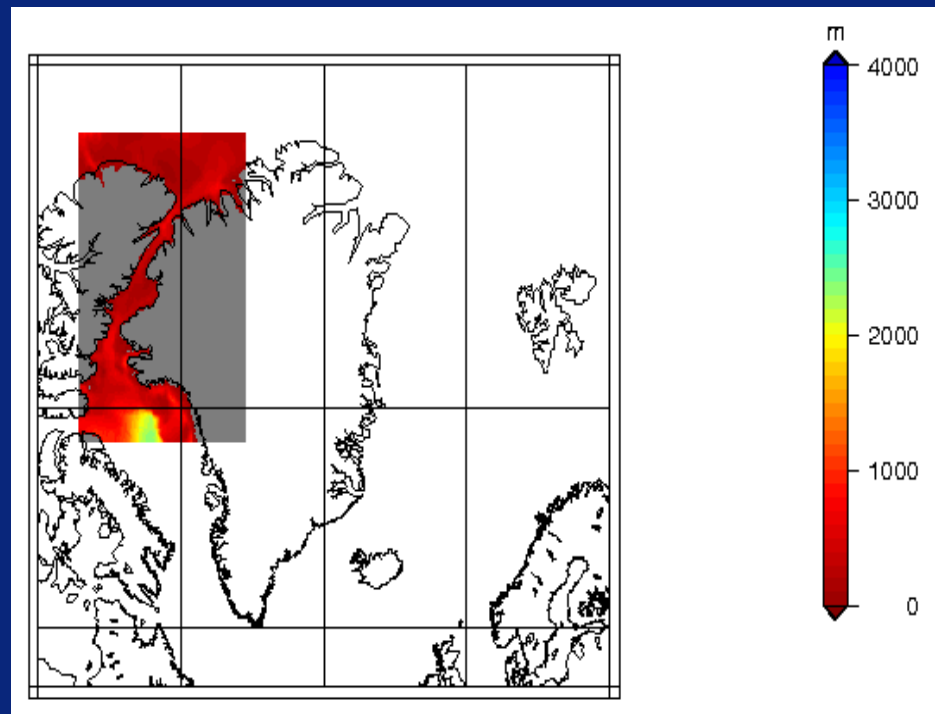
- Lateral boundaries are from a global model. The same that was used to prescribe the ice in the first study.
- Implemented in HYCOM
- Not fully implemented in CICE
- Work with boundaries are ongoing





Domain

- Ice bridge is normally build in spring
- Inflow of ice from the arctic
- Inflow of ice along Greenland in winter
- Outflow along Canada





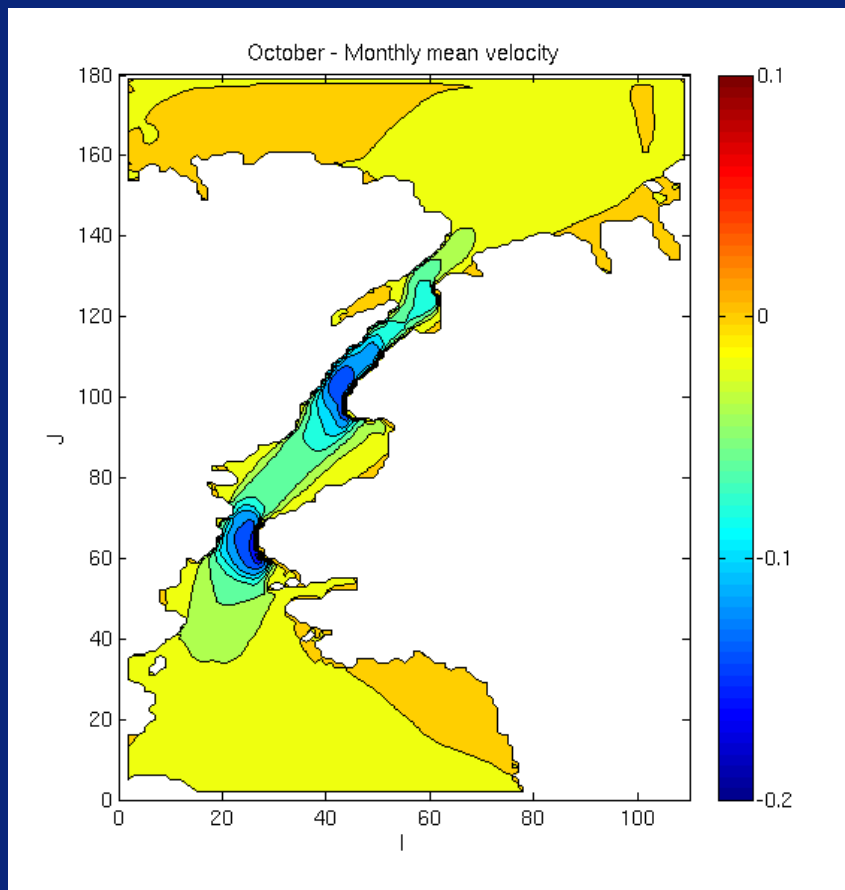
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Ice velocity – North/South

- Positive northwards



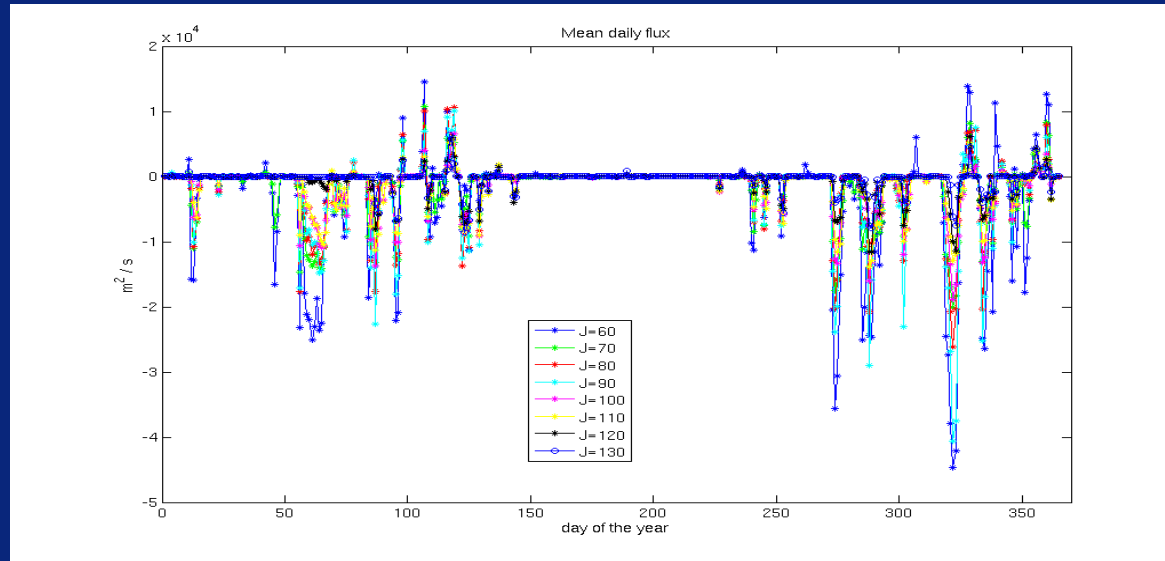
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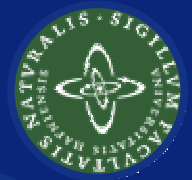
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Mean daily area ice flux



- M^2/S
- 8 sections
- Same direction each day
- Period with very little
- through flow (ice bridge)



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Conclusions and future work

- Dynamic ice model is needed to improve results
- Better ice boundary conditions needed
- Direction of mean ice flow is southward
 - Magnitude varies.
- Parameter study is to be made
- Impact of changes in climate will be studied

