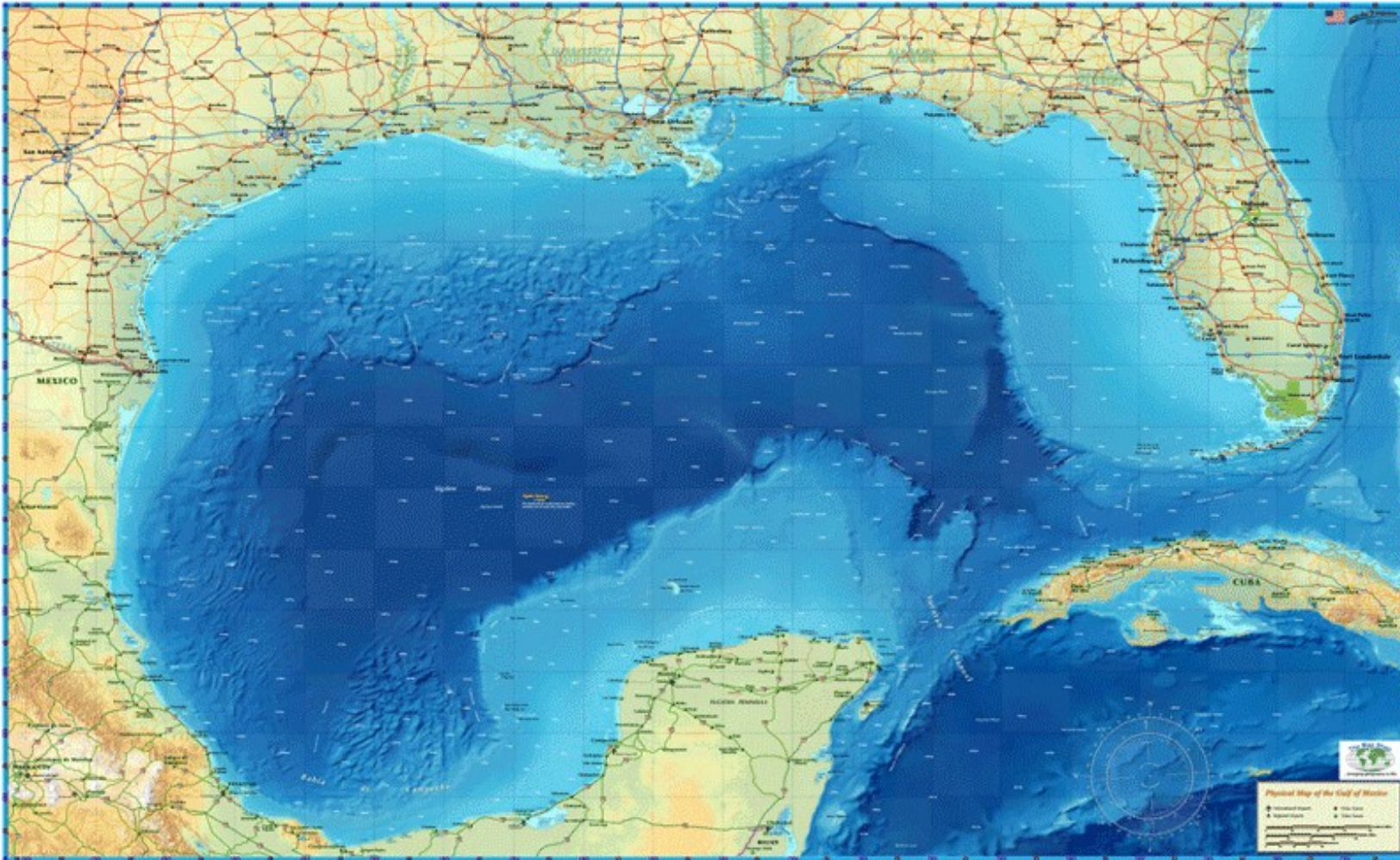


# OCEAN STATE ESTIMATE FOR THE GULF OF MEXICO - A REANALYSIS OF ITS OCEANOGRAPHIC CONDITIONS



# NASGRP

Dr. Joao Marcos Azevedo C. de Souza

With the collaboration of: Dr. enric Pallas-Sanz, Dr. Aljaz Maslo; Dra. Sheila Estrada-Allis; Dr. Julio Sheinbaum, Dr. Alejandro Pares, Dr. Julio Candela, Dra. Paula Perez-Brunius, Lorena Guerrero, Ana Ramirez, and many others...

- Make physical, chemical and biological measurements to establish a base line of the actual estate and natural variability of the GoM ecosystem.
- Generate and use state-of-the-art technologies to continuously observe the ocean - some times in real time. These technologies can be uested in the case of an oil spill to, with numerical models, estimate its dispersion and posible impacts.
- Develop physical, biogeochemical and transport models that include oil degradation processes and provide risk maps, arrival times and impact estimates taking into acount the oil characteristics and the position and depth of possible spills.

**Environmental base line  
and monitoring.**

Dra. Sharon Herzka  
Dr. Juan Carlos Herguera

**Oil natural degradation**

Dr. Alexei Licea

**Oil spill scenarios**

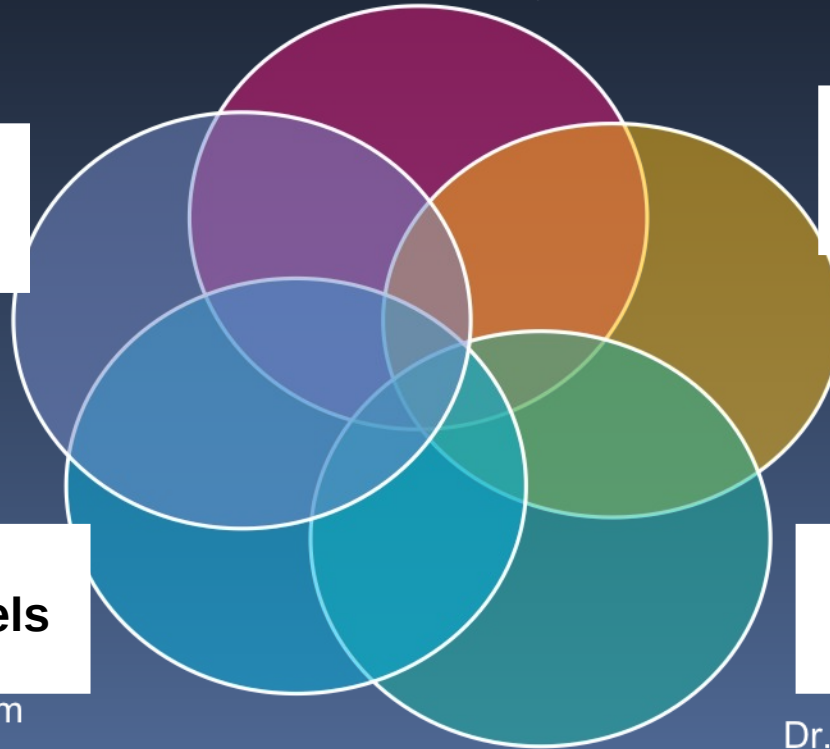
Dra. Paula Pérez

**Physical and  
biogeochemical models**

Dr. Julio Sheinbaum

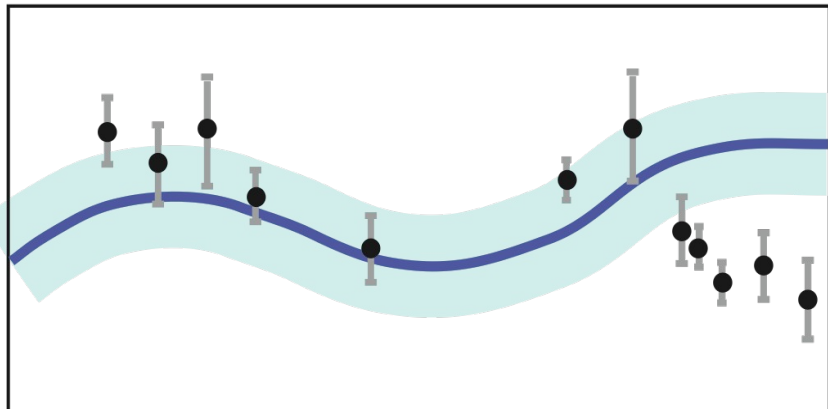
**Observation platforms**

Dr. Francisco Ocampo

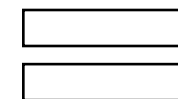


# Data Assimilation in 60s ! “ROMS IS4DVar”

## The “Forecast” or “Hindcast”



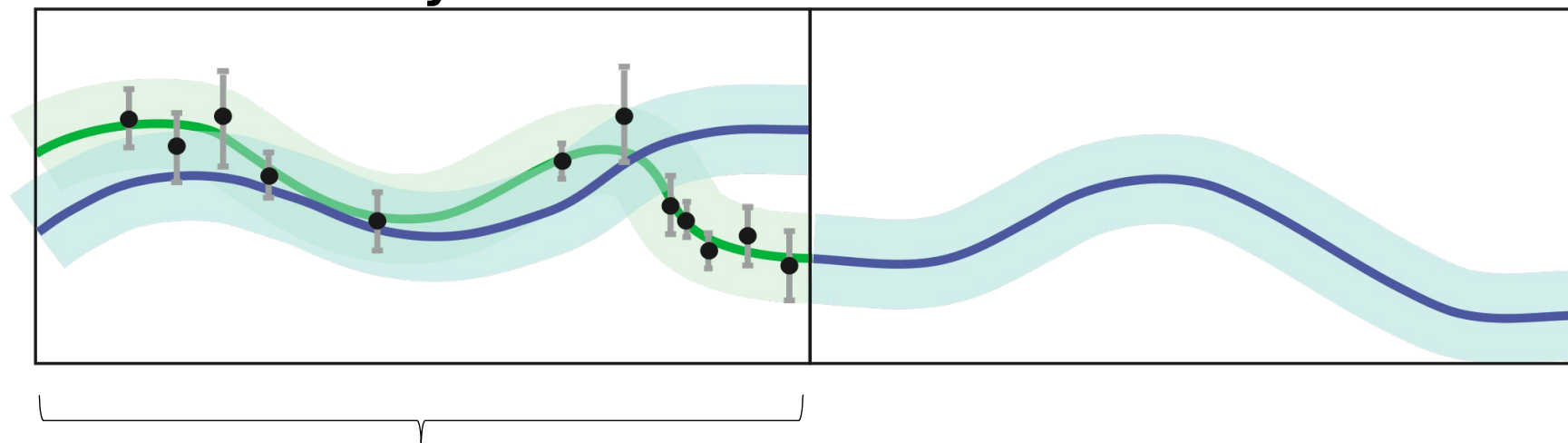
Generating a series of  
analyses through  
several assimilation  
cycles in the past...



**REANALYSIS**

Assumes the model is able to represent all the major physical processes important for the region of interest !

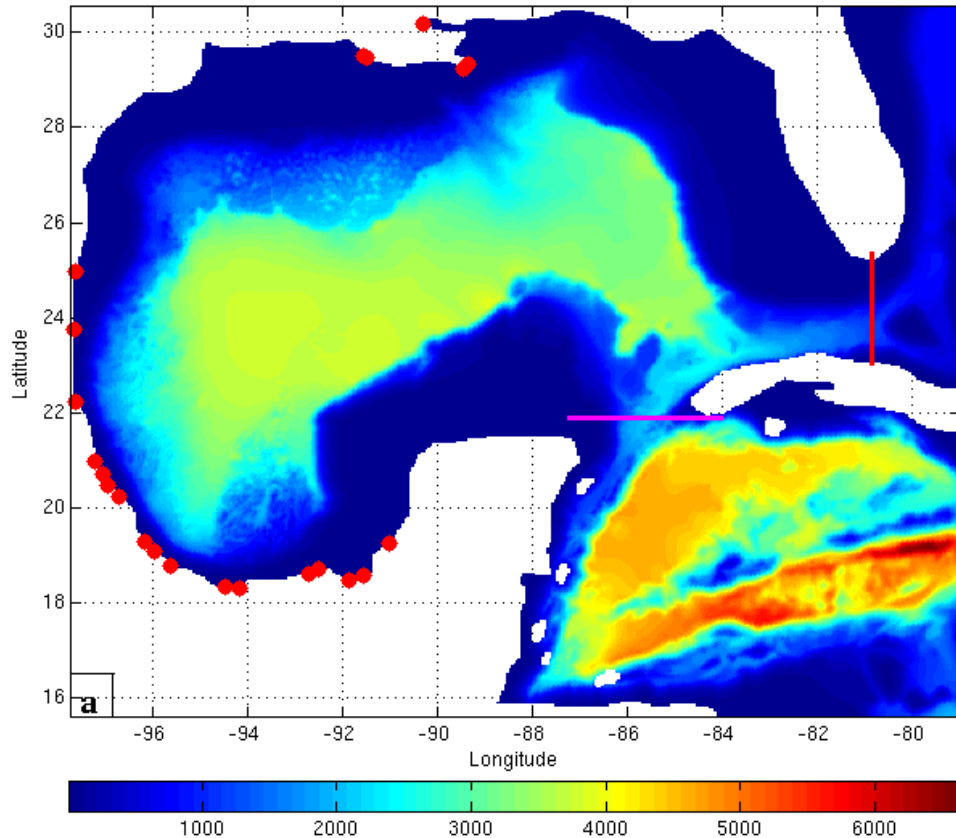
## The “Analysis”



Assimilation cycle



# The background solution - NL ROMS configuration



- 4.5km / 1km horizontal resolution;
- 36 / 48 vertical levels;
- Modified vertical scheme - more resolution near the surface;
- Hourly surface forcing from CFSR;
- Diurnal boundary conditions from GLORYS;
- 19 river inputs - 2 dated and 17 climatological;
- Spectral forcing 11 tide constituents from TPXO;

**Reanalysis from 2011 forward !!!**

# **How to validate our results and compare models?**

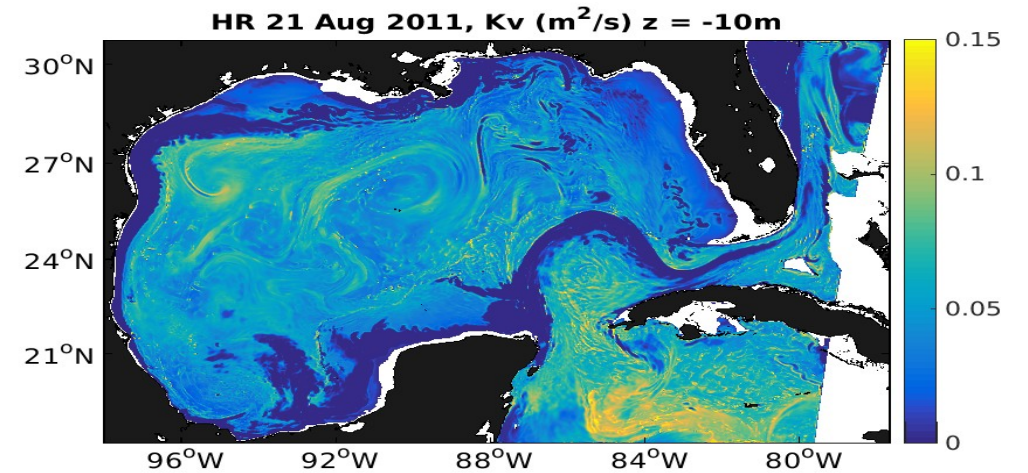
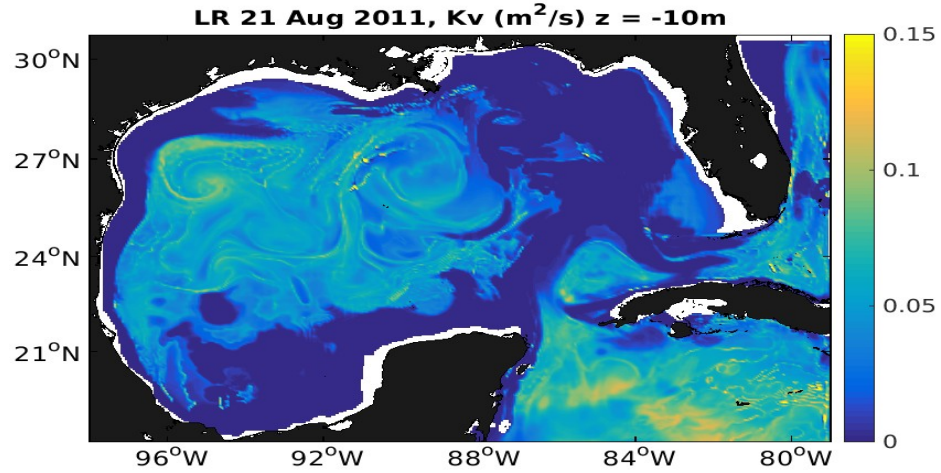
- ✓ RMSE against AVISO SSH and MODIS SST.
- ✓ Comparison with mooring data and WOD.
- ✓ Analysis of specific processes that we judge important.
- ✓ LAGRANGIAN DATA.

**Kv (m<sup>2</sup>/s)**

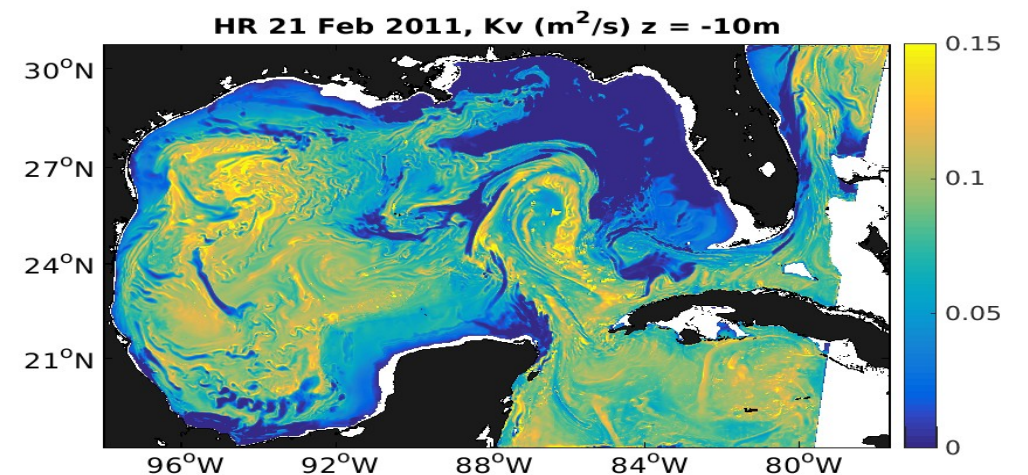
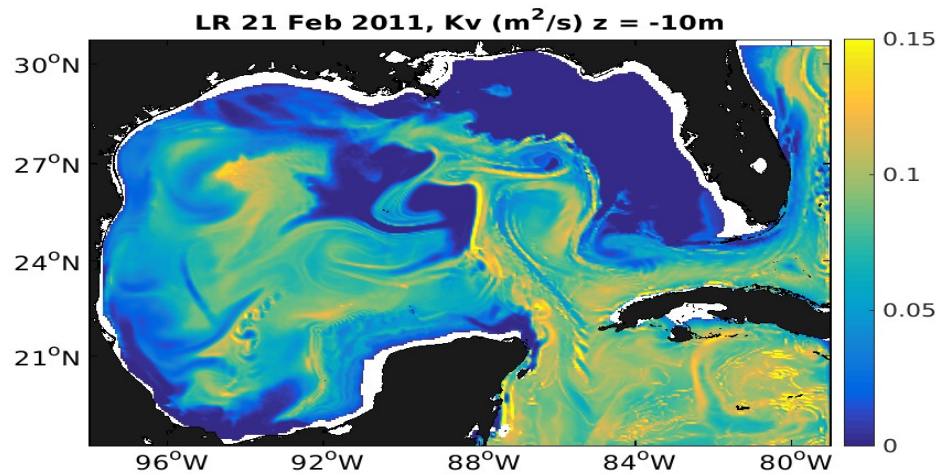
Low Resolution

High Resolution

summer



winter



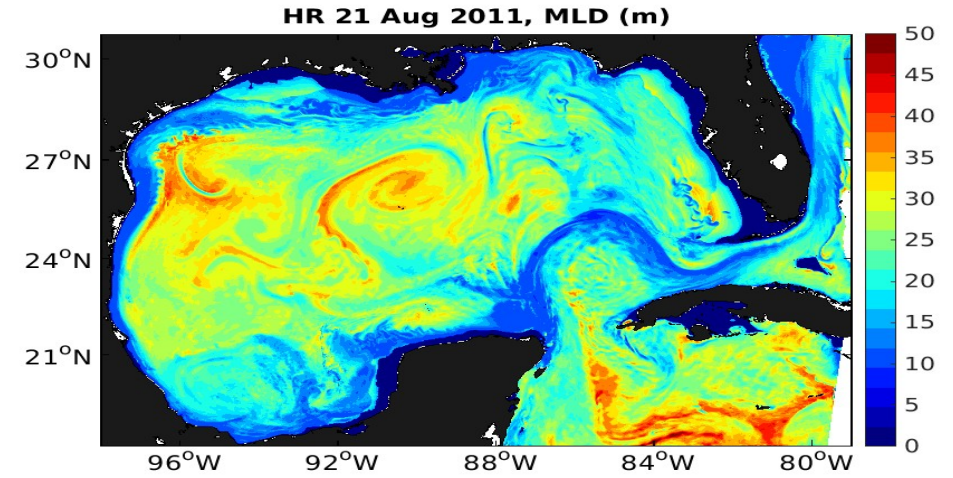
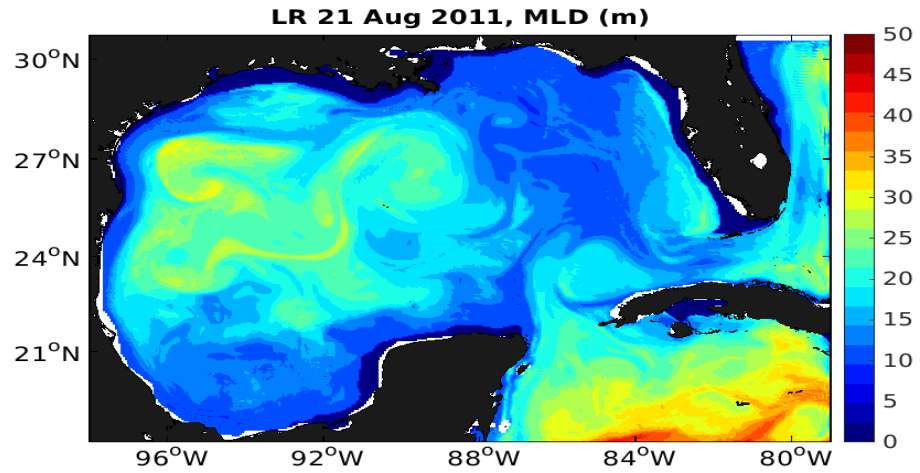


# MLD (m)

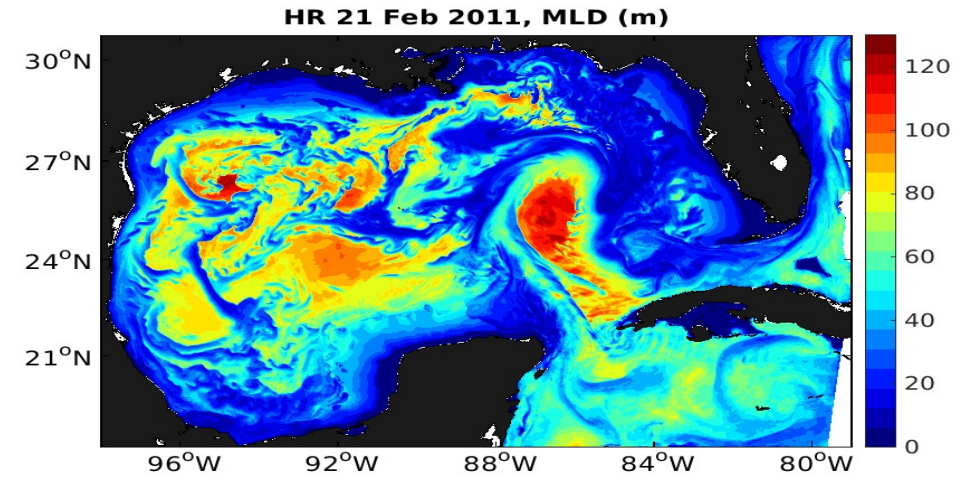
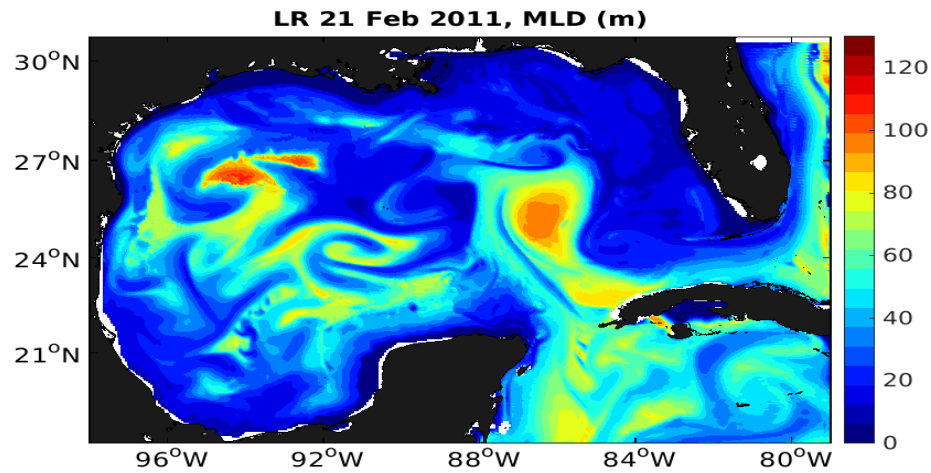
Low Resolution

High Resolution

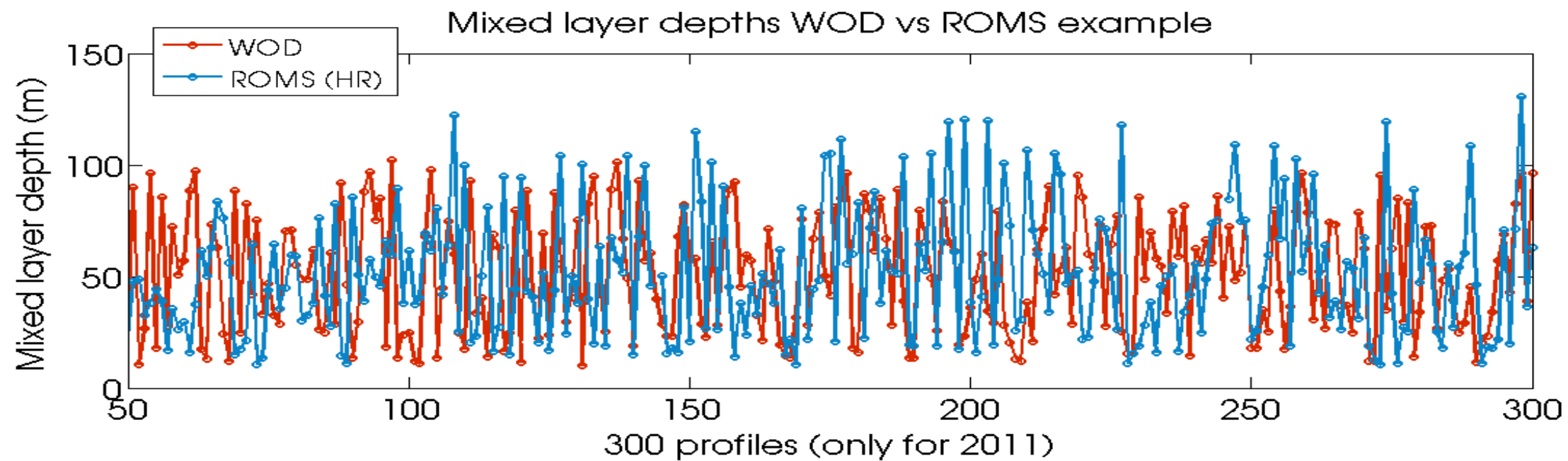
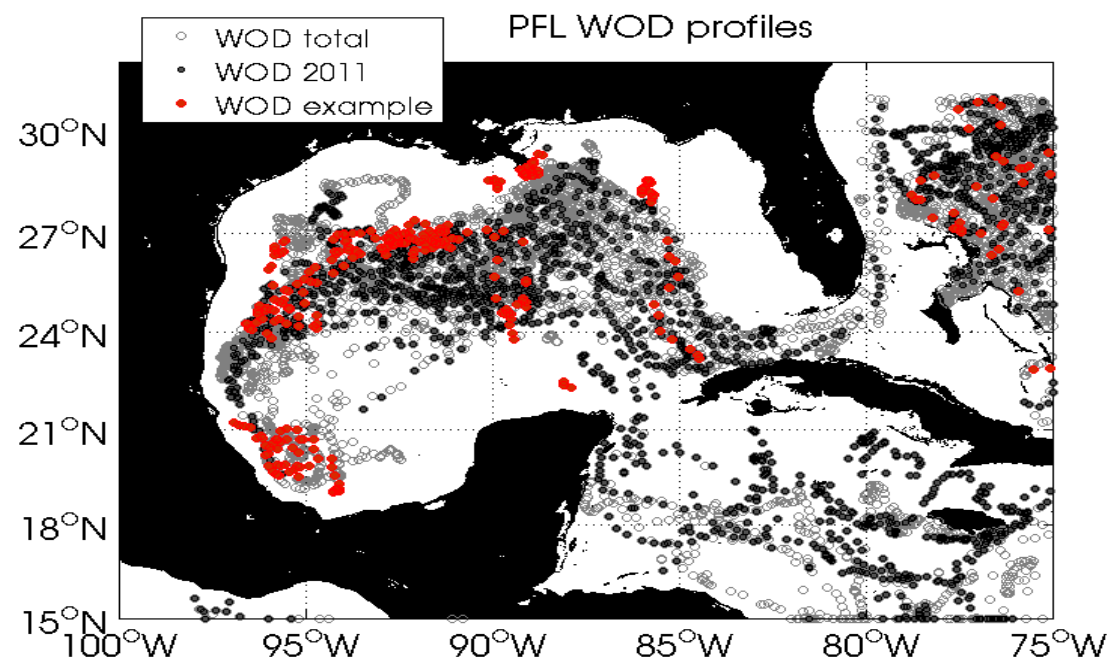
summer



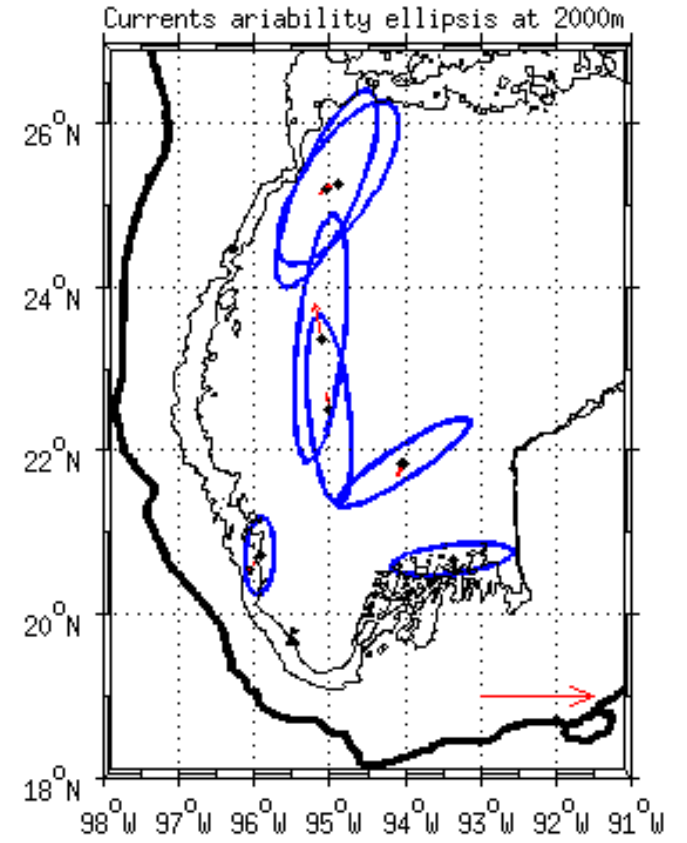
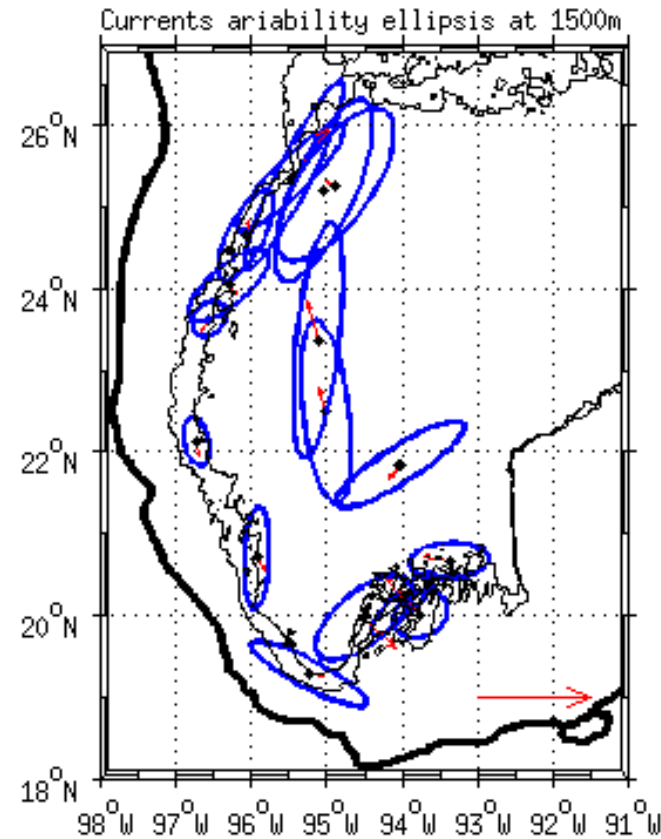
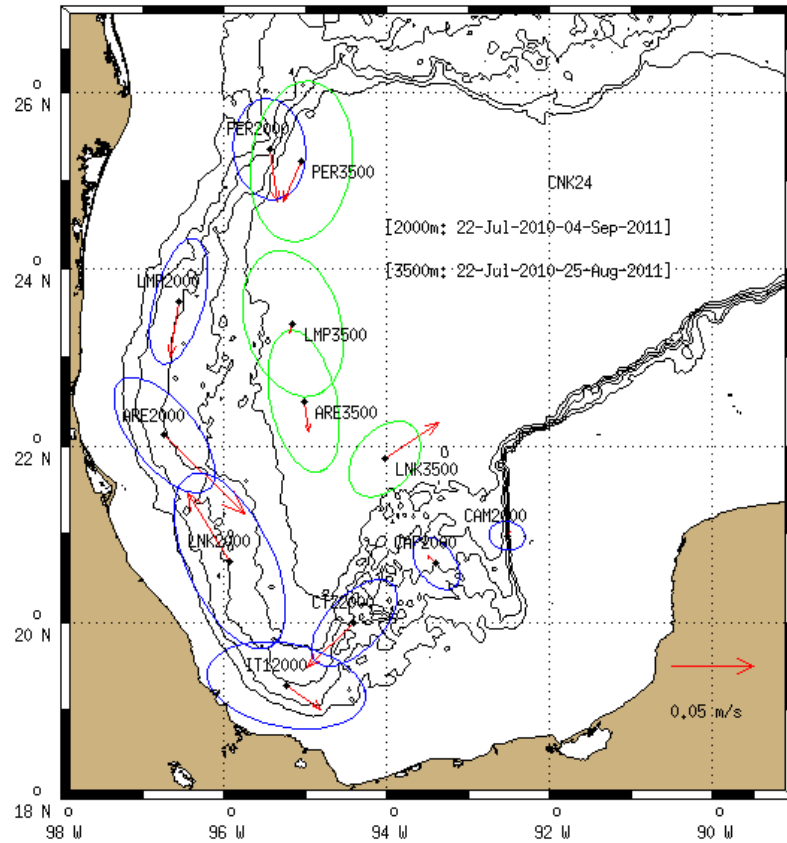
winter





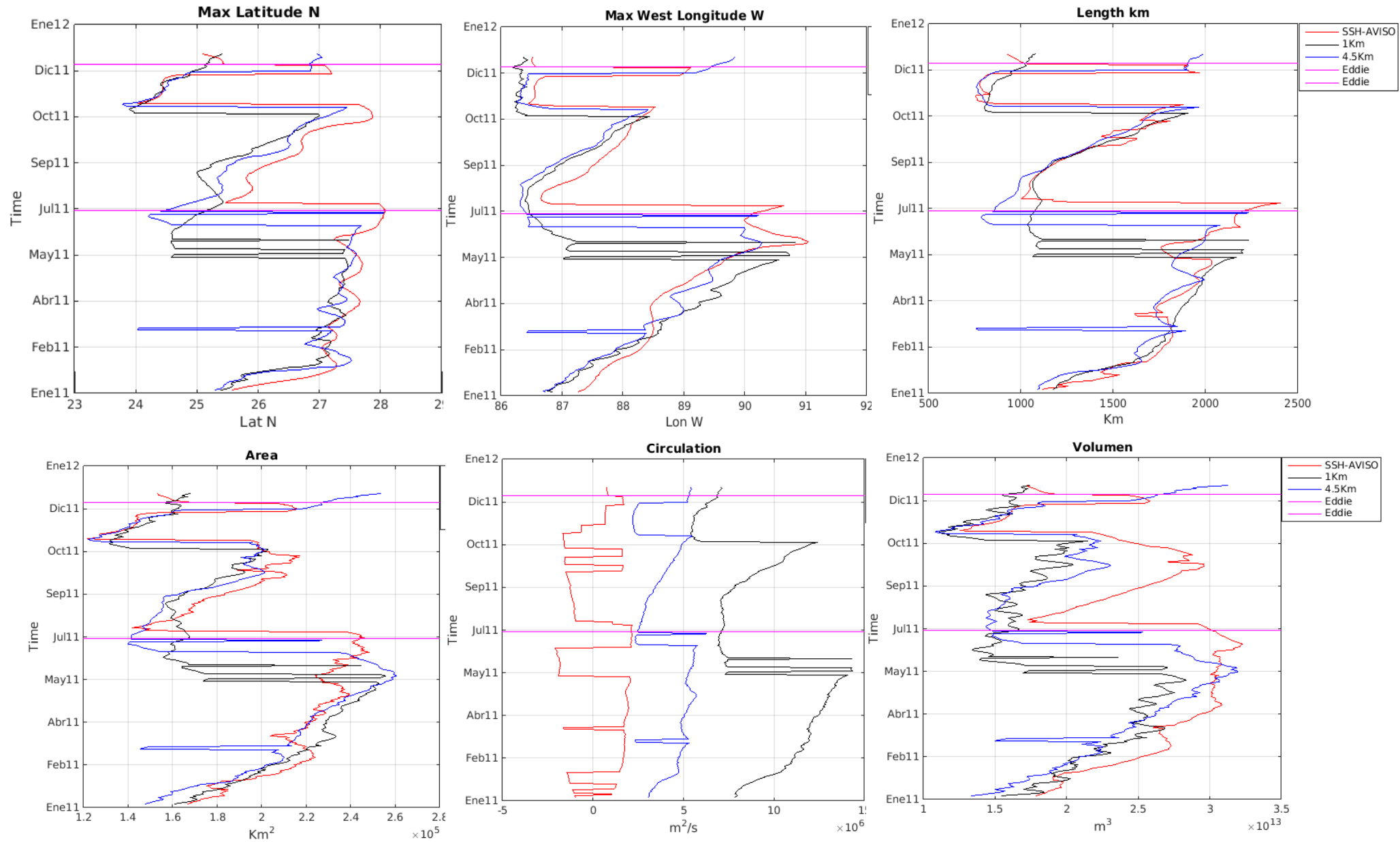


# Variability at the mooring locations



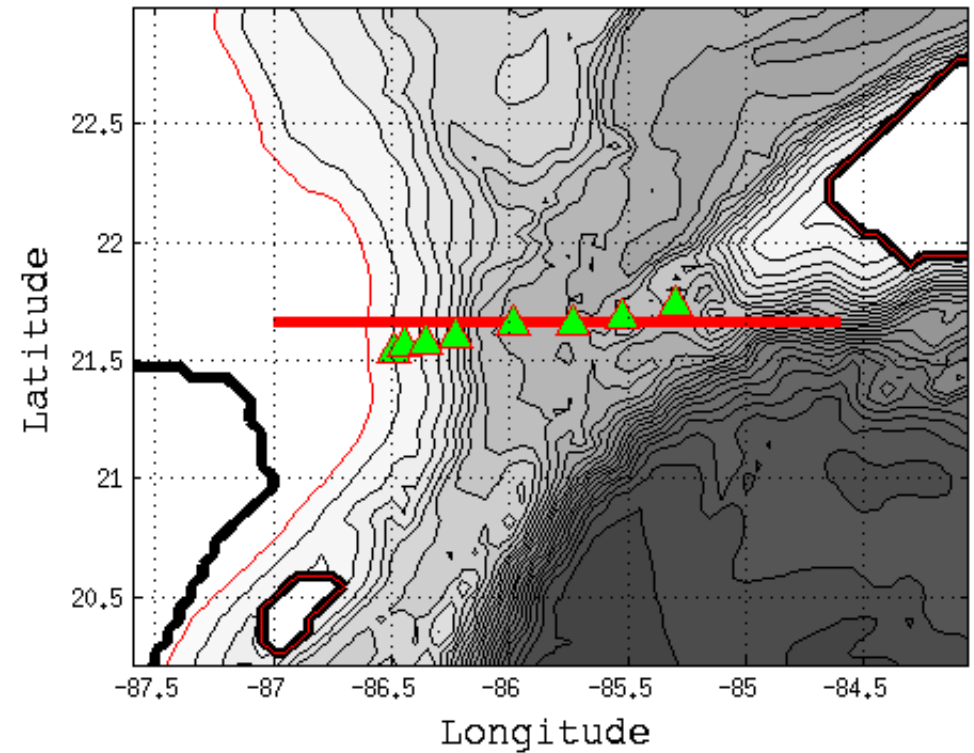
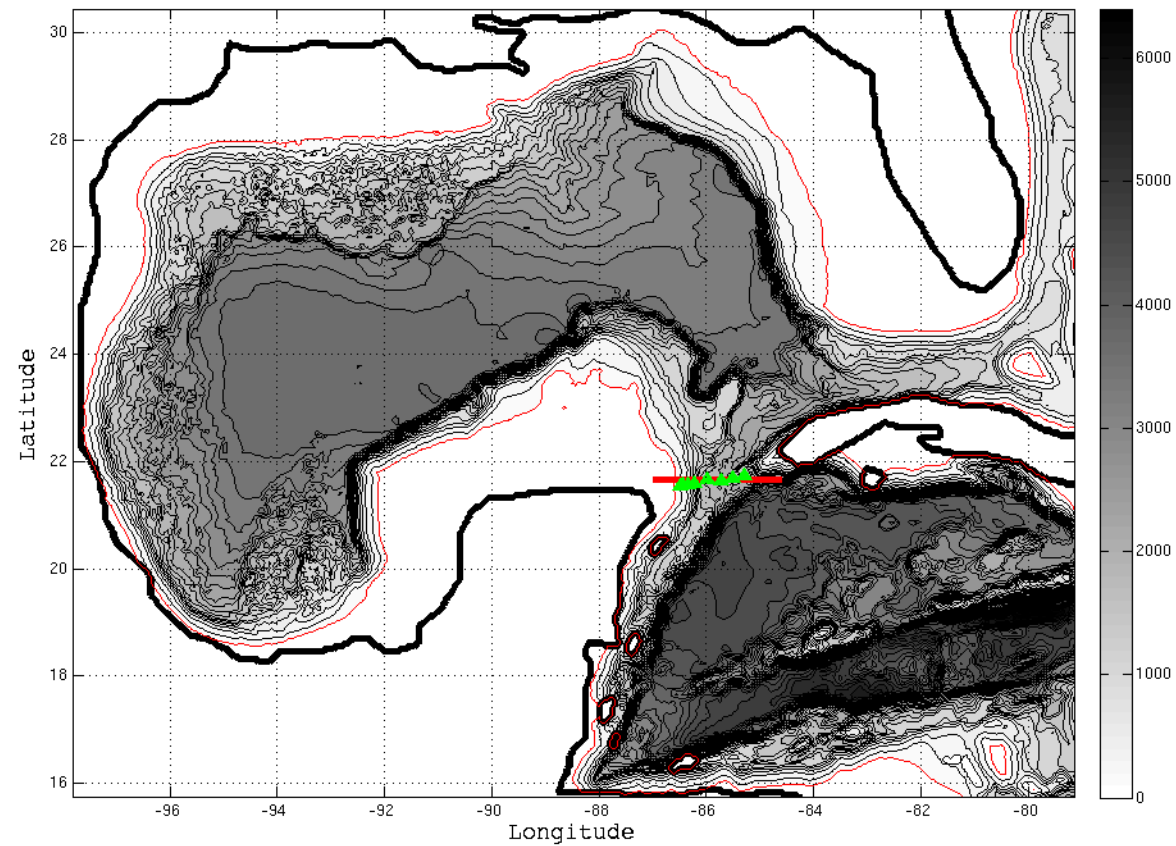
# Loop-Current statistics – what is the influence of model resolution?

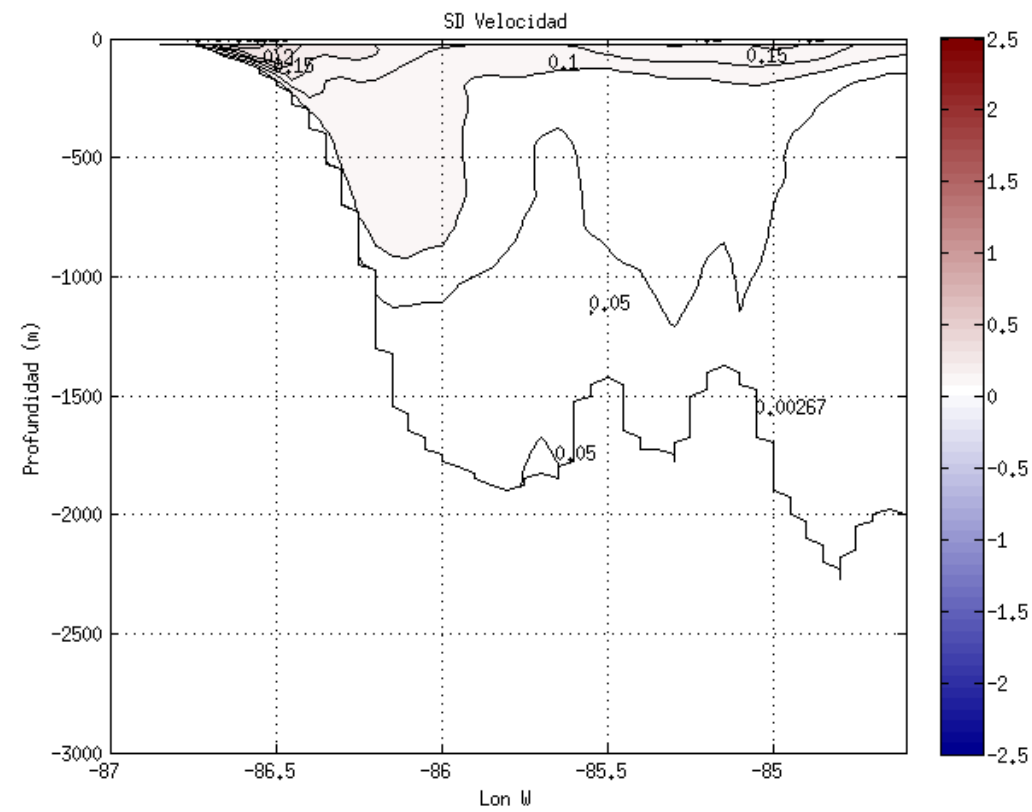
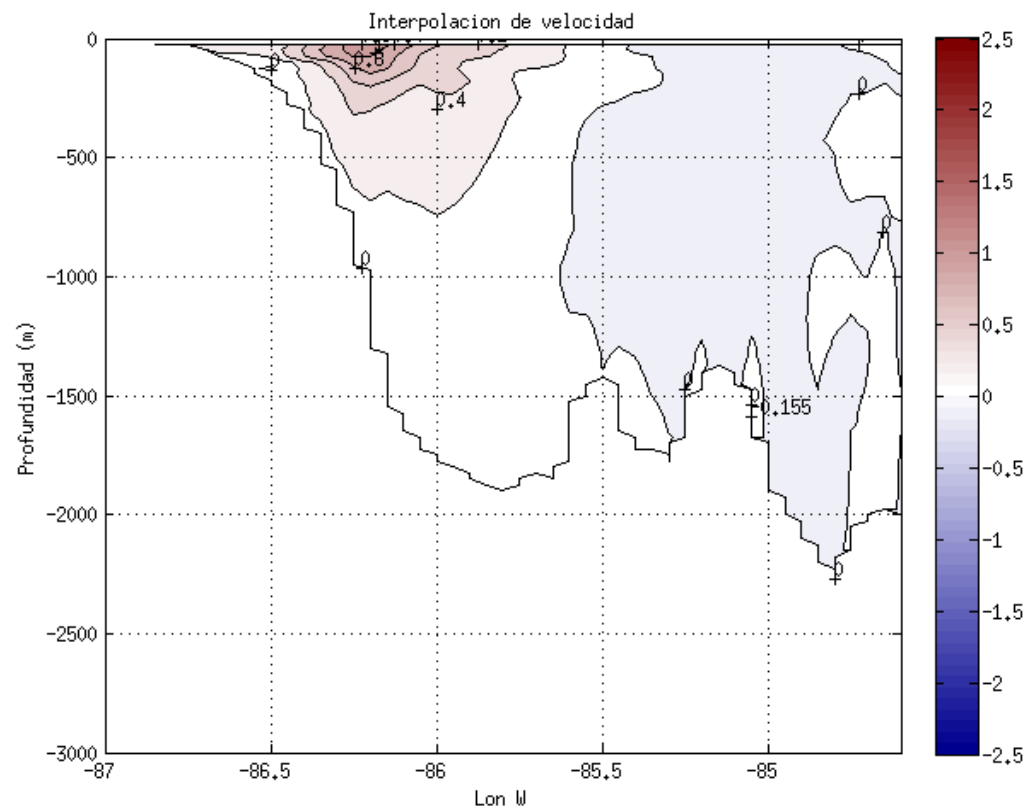
Bsc. Thesis – Angeles B. Garcia -Lucero

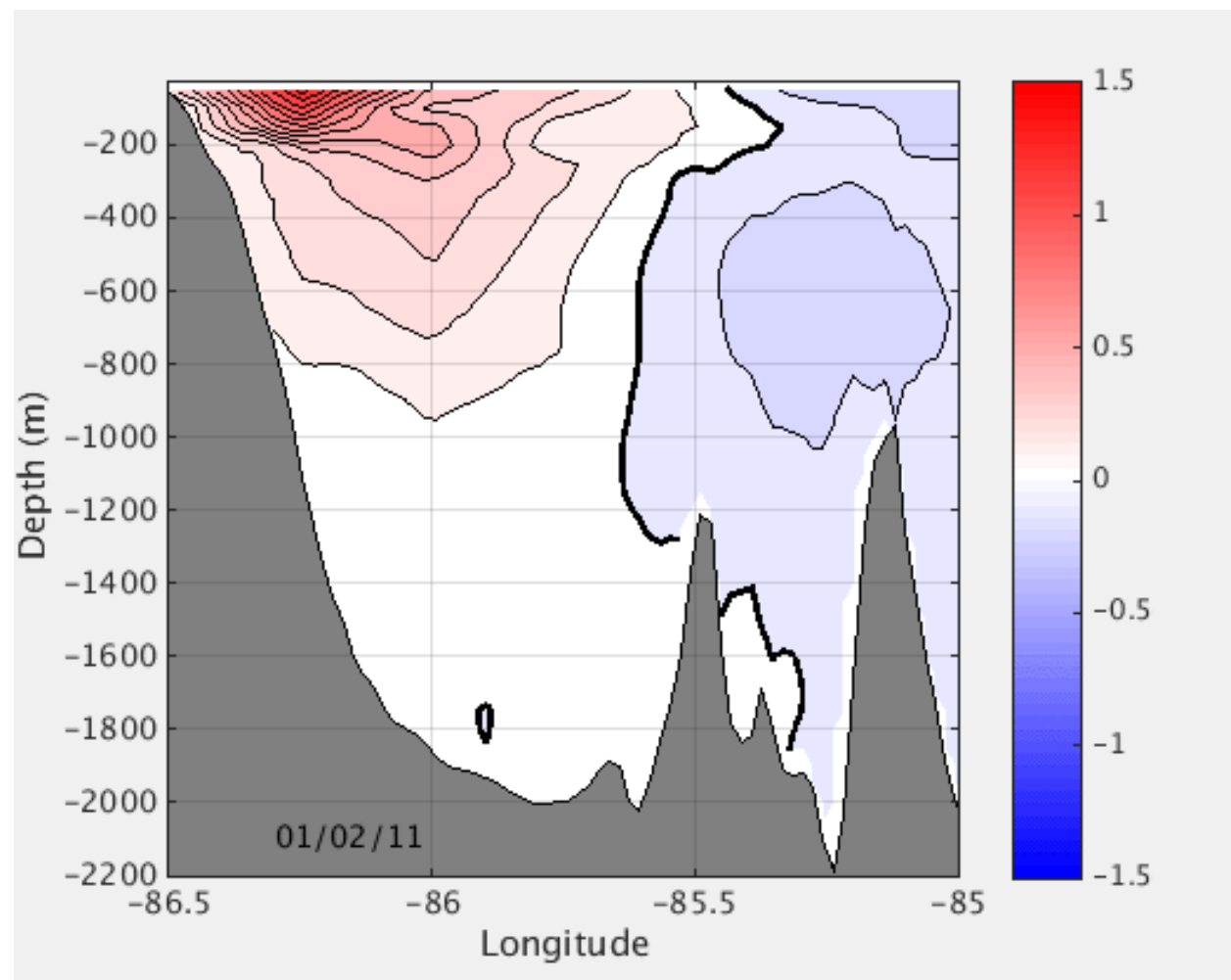




# Flux through Yucatan

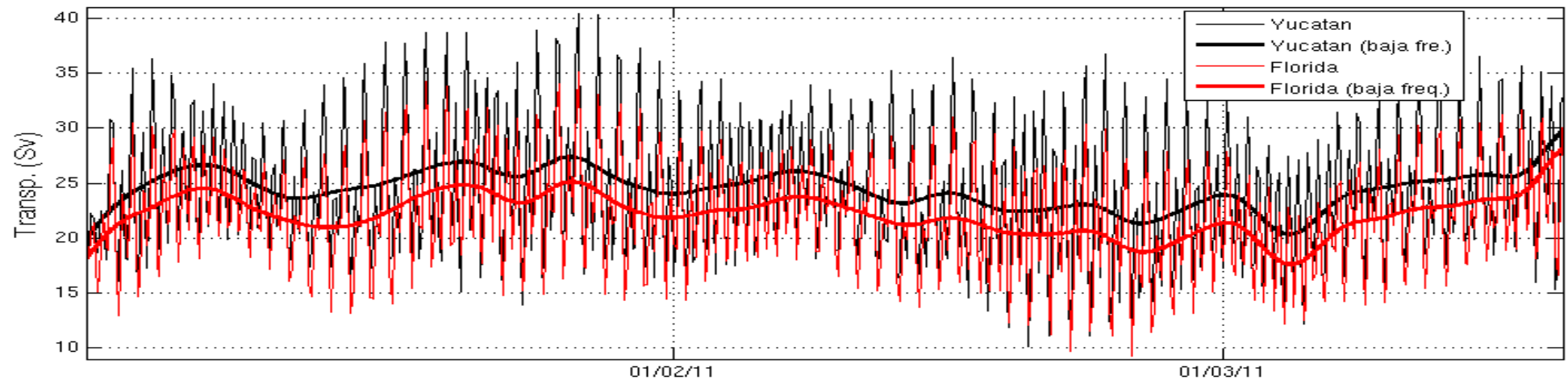
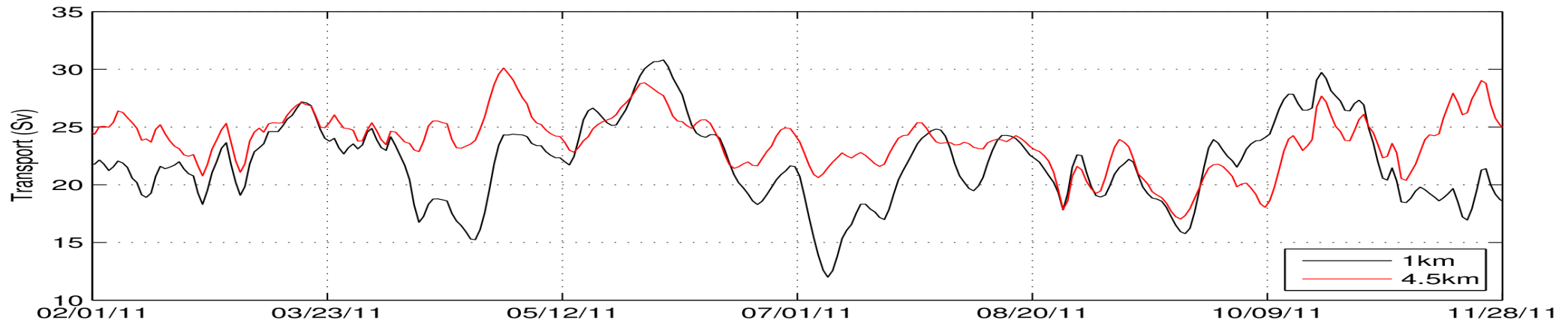




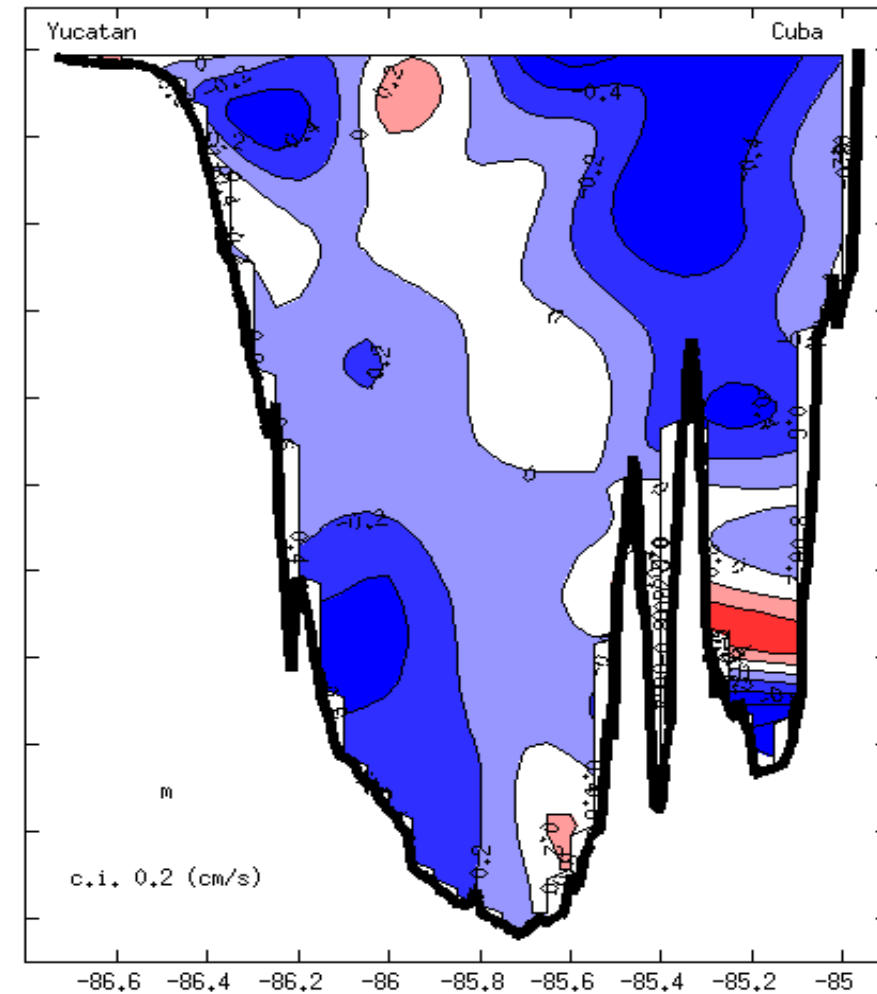
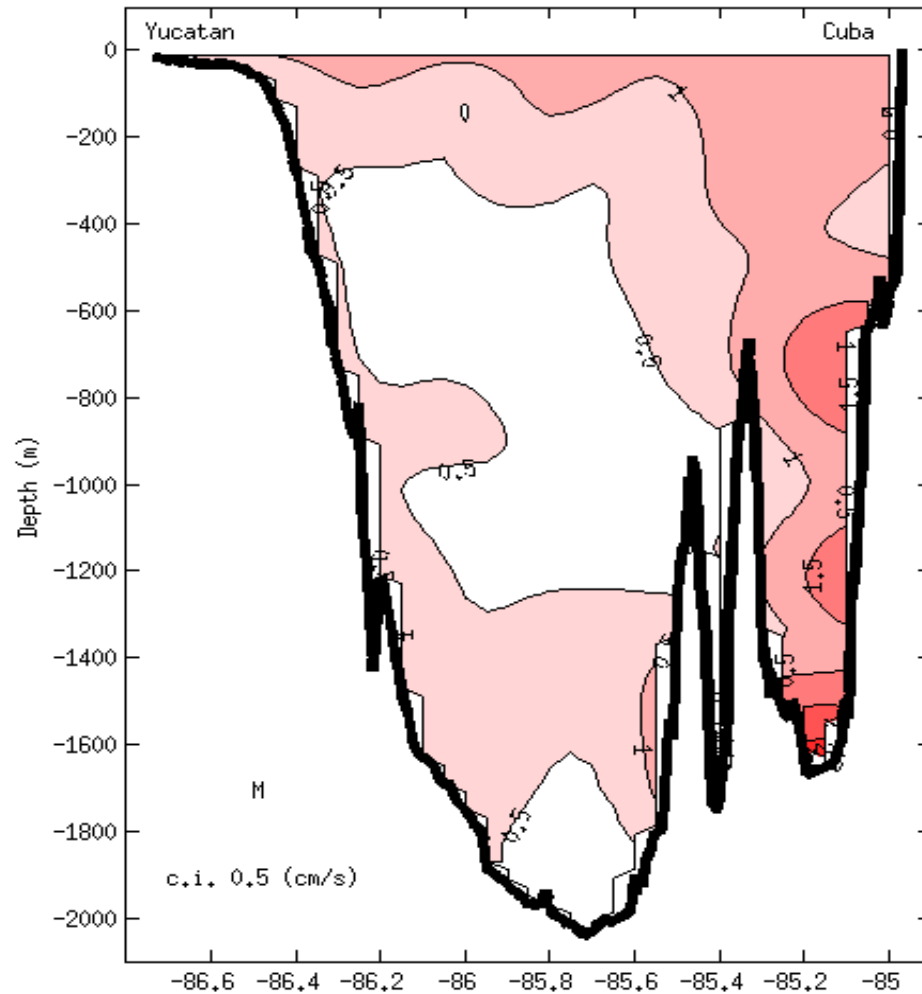




# Transport in Yucatan and Florida

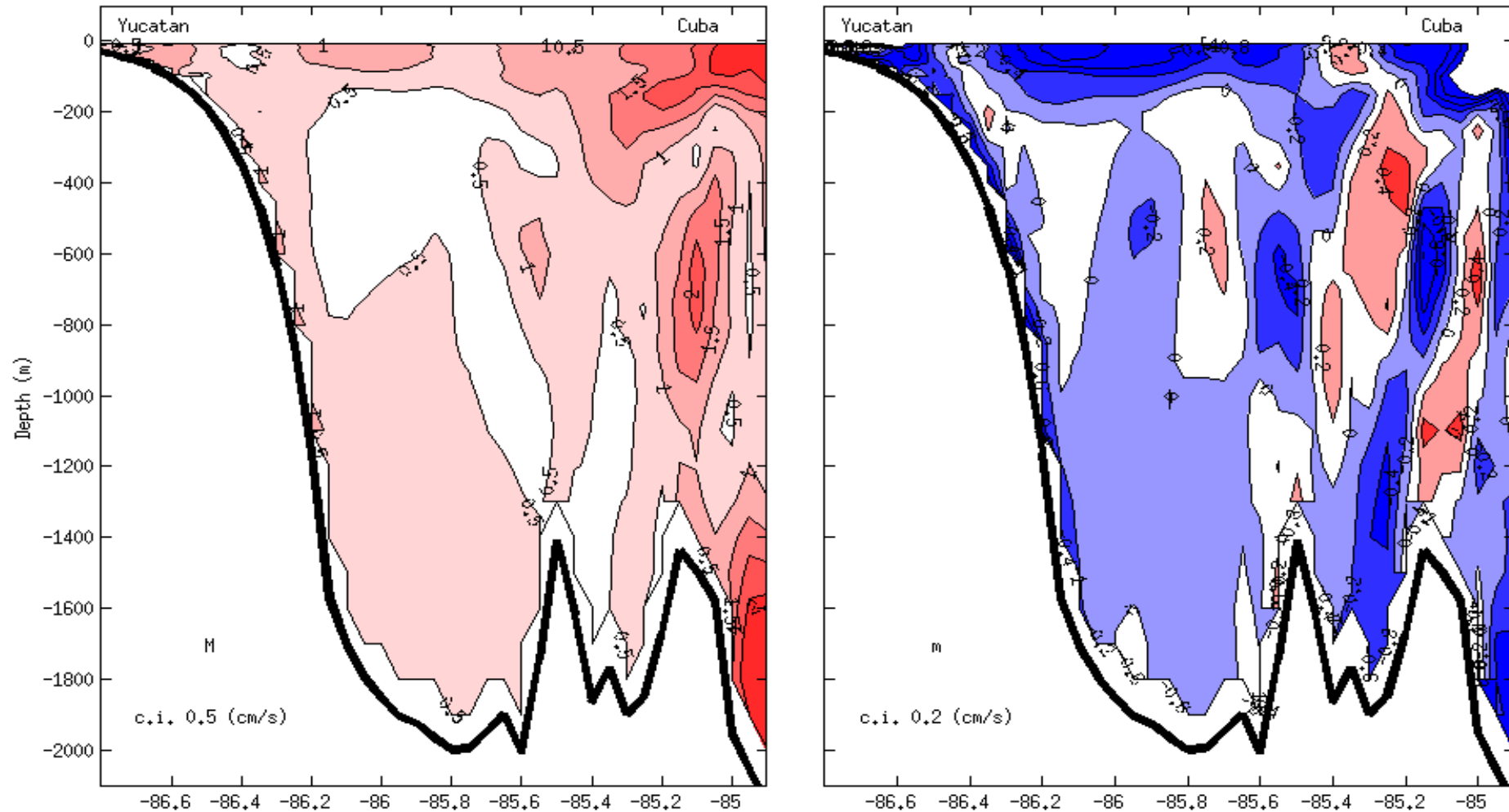


# Internal tides Yucatan - Data

M<sub>2</sub> ellipse elements, CNK34

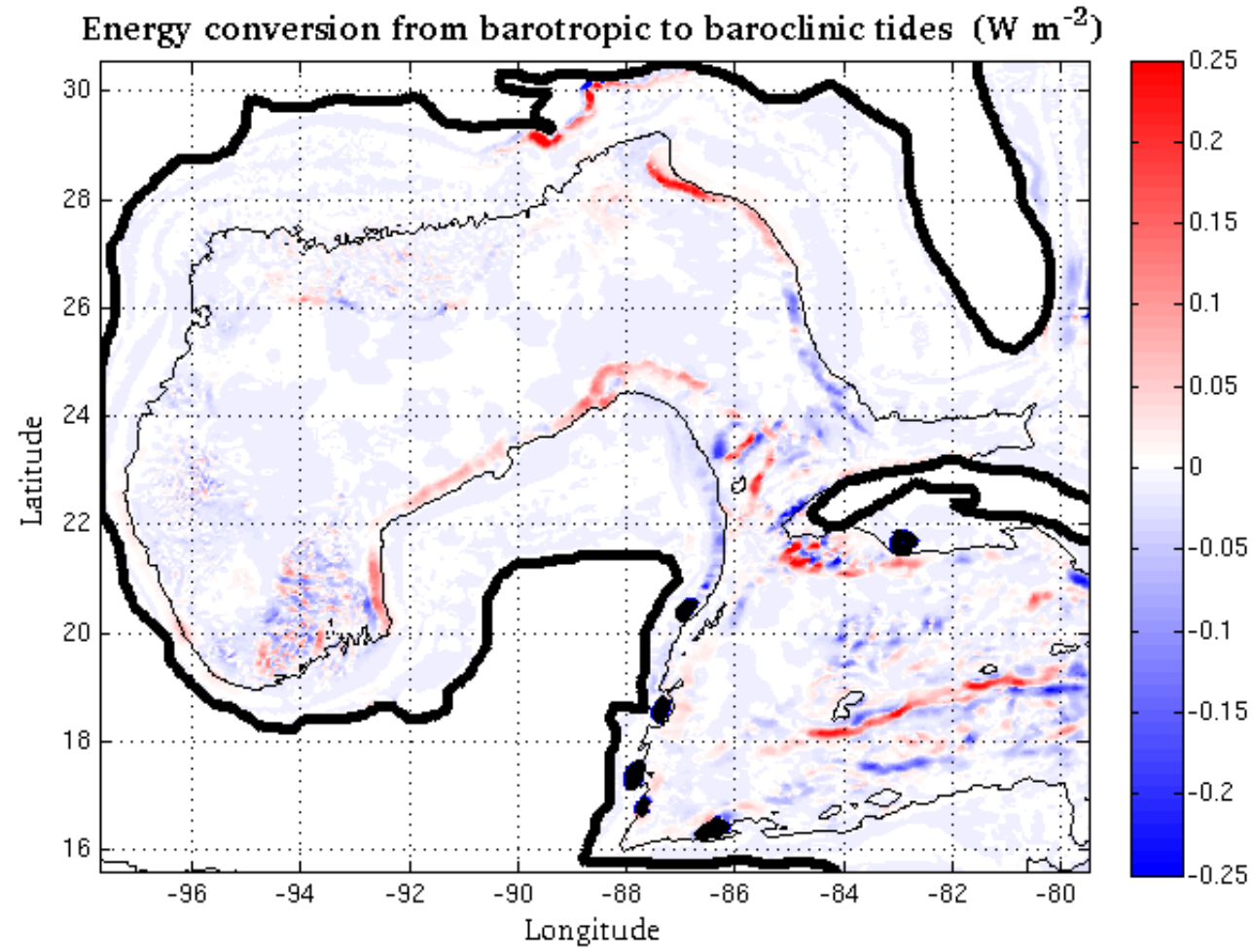
# Internal tides Yucatan - Model

$M_2$  ellipse elements, ROMS model

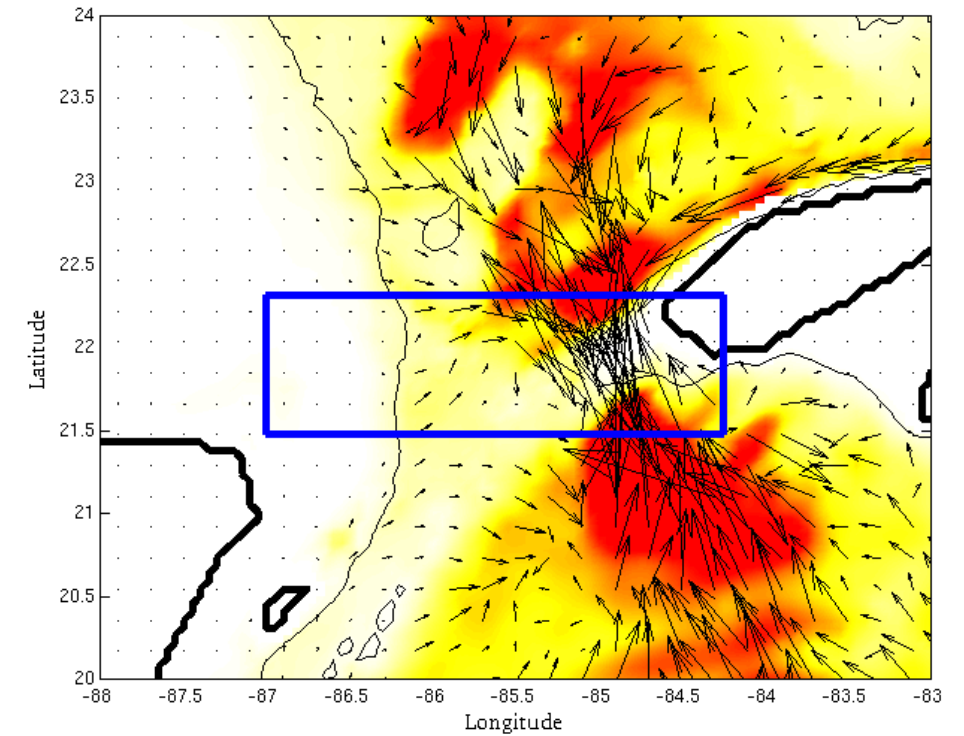
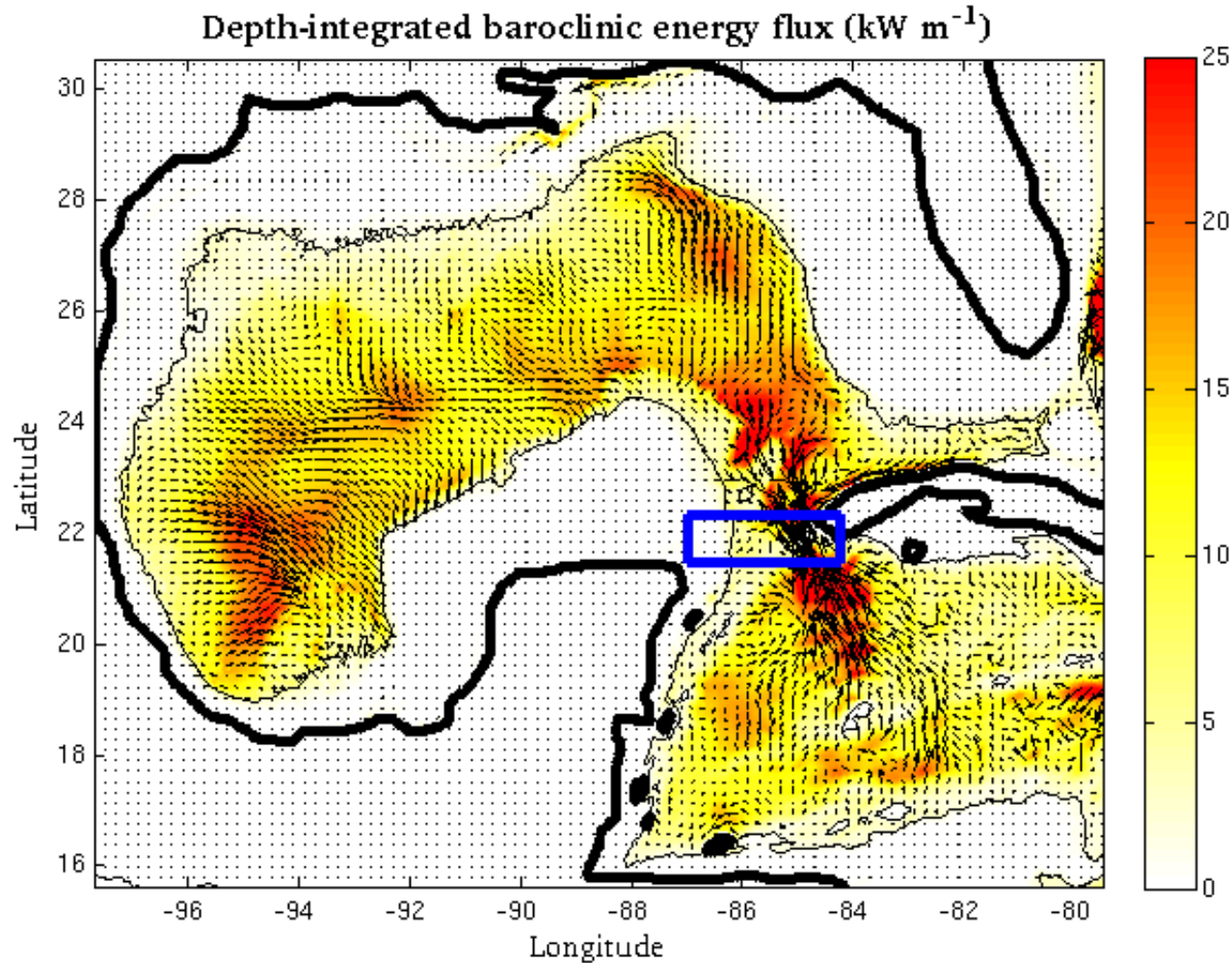




# Internal tides Yucatan - Model



# Internal tides Yucatan - Model



# Connectivity analysis of the deep waters in the GoM using ROMS

## VALIDATION:

- More than 800.000 particles
- Pseudo-Eulerian statistical comparison to the RAFOS floats:
  - Mean velocity, mean kinetic energy, eddy kinetic energy
- Kolmogorov–Smirnov statistical test: verification if the probability distribution of the numerical drifters follow the one from the observations

# Connectivity analysis of the deep waters in the GoM using ROMS

## LAGRANGIAN ANALYSIS OF THE DEEP CURRENTS IN THE GOM

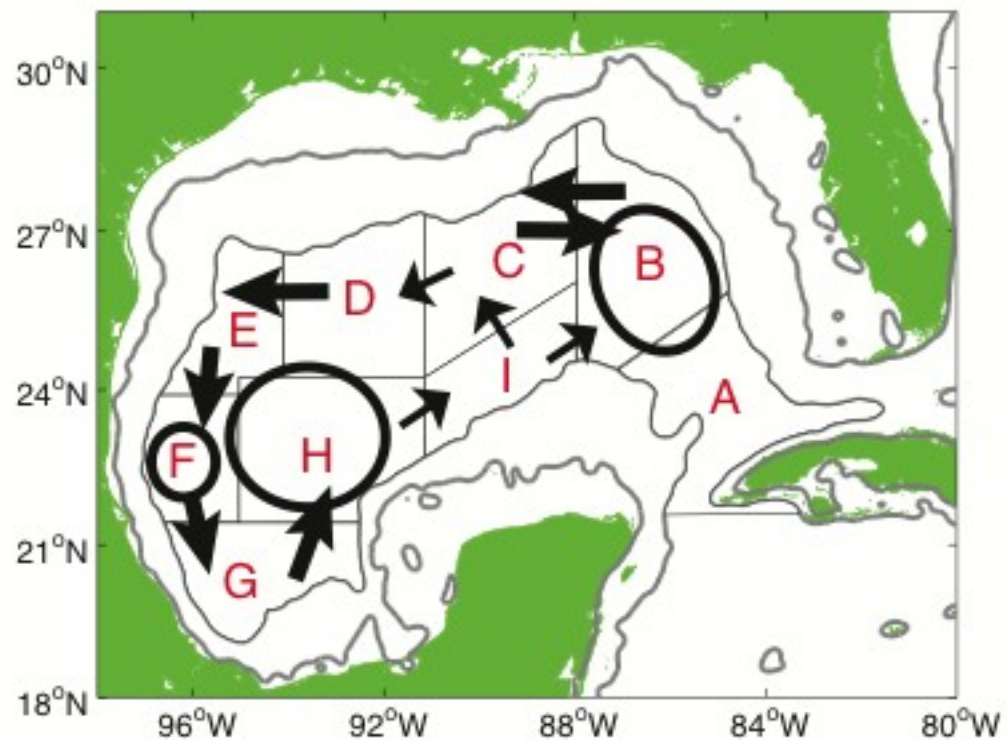
- Comparison between the RAFOS and the numerical floats connectivity matrices
- East/West connectivity
- Detailed picture of the retention capability, export and sink areas of the particles

# VIDEO: Simulation of particles starting from different connectivity areas

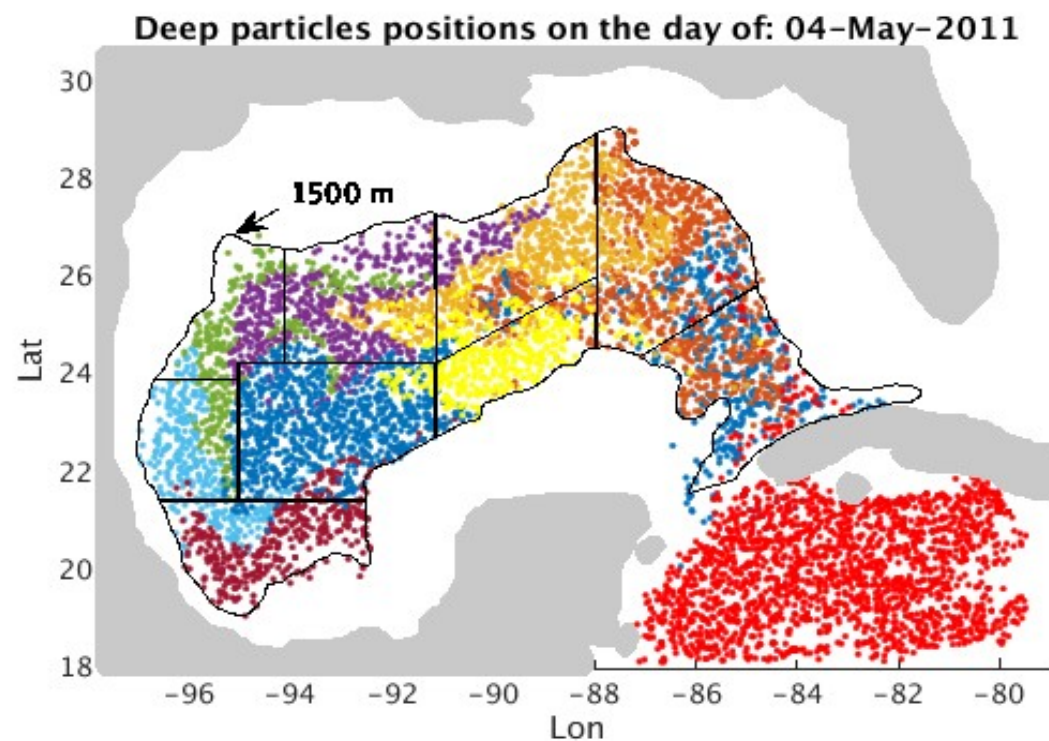




Results from RAFOS data.  
(Perez-Brunius et al.)



Preliminary Results from ROMS  
model - NLR.



# VIDEO: Simulation of particles under the 1900 m depth



# VIDEO: Simulation of particles in the surface layer and comparison with the real drifters

